Using Descriptive Epidemiology Instead of Daily or Weekly Injury Reports

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Background for This Presentation

- Ford's Injury/ Illness Data System
 - Electronic Medical Record
 - Incident Investigation Module
 - Health Data Analysis Module (HDA)
- HDA Launched with Great Reviews in 1994
 - HDA Launched with 12 Months of Data
 - Easy to Access with Rates by Job and Injury Type
- Less Enthusiasm A Year Later
 - "Every week I look at HDA it doesn't tell me much"

"Action-Oriented" Safety Processes

- Daily or Weekly Review of Injury Events
 - Plant Operating Committee
 - Action-Oriented Managers "Just Do It"
- "Near Real Time" Reviews: Advantages
 - Provides Regular Opportunities to Push Safety
 - Conveys Plant Leadership's Interest in Safety
- "Near Real Time" Reviews: Disadvantages
 - Presents a Limited View of the Data (Today's Crisis)
 - Generates Instant Solutions (Daily or Weekly)

A Weekly Report

Weekly Injury / Illness Report				
10/22/2001 to 10/28/2001				
Injury / Illness Code	Visit count			
ABRASION	1			
AVULSION	1			
BLOOD EXPOSURE/SPLASH	1			
CONSULTATION	1			
CONT/DERMATITIS/OT/ECZEMA	1			
CONTUSION	3			
FOREIGN BODY	7			
LACERATION	8			
PUNCTURE	1			
SPRAIN/STRAIN	5			
Total	29			

A Weekly Chart

Microsoft Access - [Custom Analytical Reporting - Graphical Display]

-8 Plant Location: LIVONIA PLNT Reporting Period: from 10/28/01 to 10/28/01 Total Visits (ound: 00 | plotted: 29) Visit Count by Injury/Illness Code Injury/Illness Cade's (aund: 11, platted: 10, Injury/Illness Code Characteristics Laceration All Hourly Wrkrs. Foreign Body FTOV Cases Sprain/strain Contusion Puncture. Ctd/subj. Sym/ Consultation Blood Exposure/ Avulsion. Abrasion 8 3 Number of Cases

Reasons to Look Beyond Daily and Weekly Reports

- Human "PC"s Can Not Retain / Recall
 Daily or Weekly Data for Trend Analysis
 - Trends in Common Events Can Go Unrecognized
 - Clusters of Serious Events Can Be Missed, If Too Rare
- Small Numbers Issues
 - Response to Each Incident as a Study of "1" Can Miss Target

Trends in Common Events Can Go Unrecognized

- Pattern of Lacerations in the Body Shop (Sheet Metal assembled and welded)
- Seasonal Pattern Not Detected by Human PC Data Retrieval and Trend Analysis
- Further Study of Patterns Leads to Identification of Underlying Cause(s)

Observational Study Based on Shift Differences

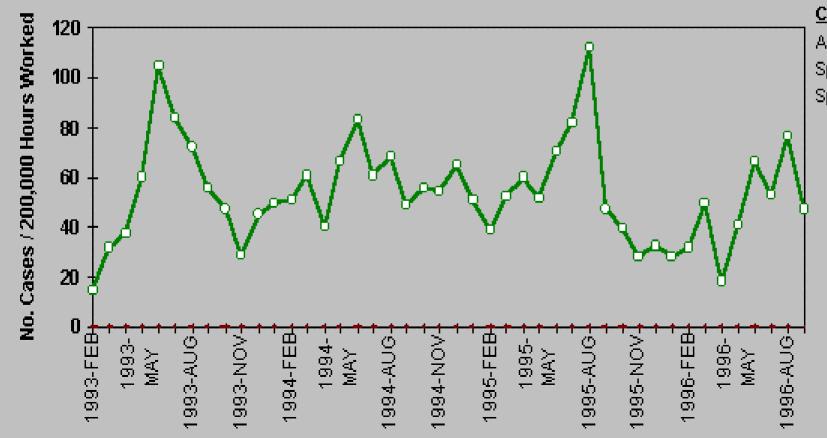
<u>Plant Location:</u> PLANT A

Reporting Period: from 2/7/93 to 9/29/96

Visit Rate by Month

Lacerations Depart 500 (Body Shop)

Total Visits found: 490 plotted: 490



Characteristics

All Hourly Wrkrs. Spec.Department Spec.Inj/Illness

Observational Study Based on Shift Differences

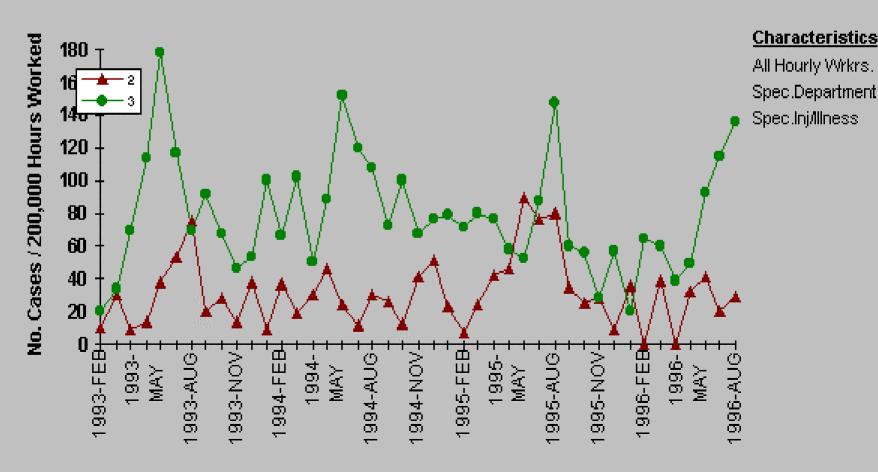
<u>Plant Location:</u> PLANT A

Reporting Period: from 2/7/93 to 8/25/96

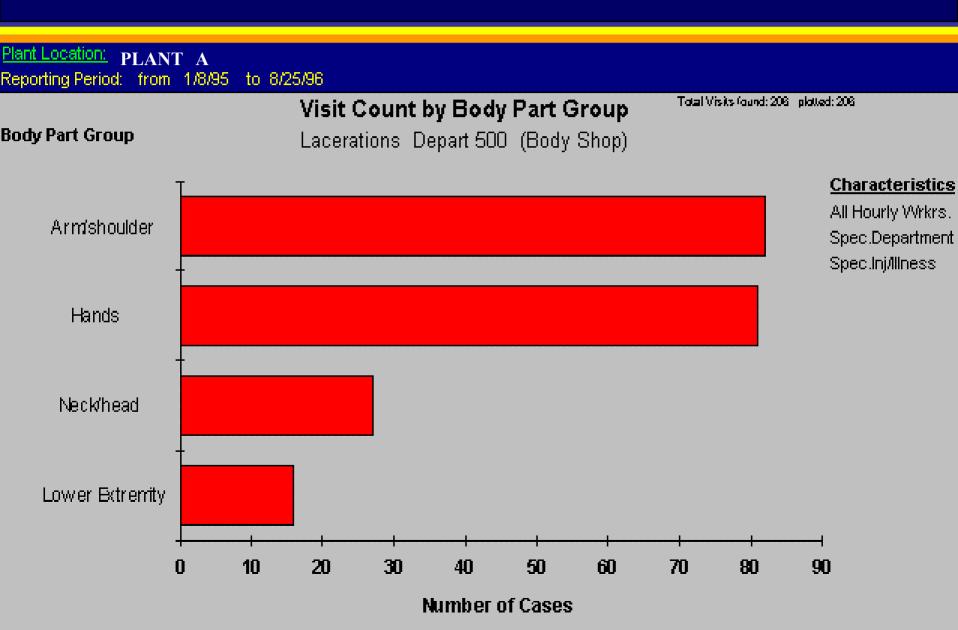
Visit Rate by Month

Lacerations Depart 500 (Body Shop)

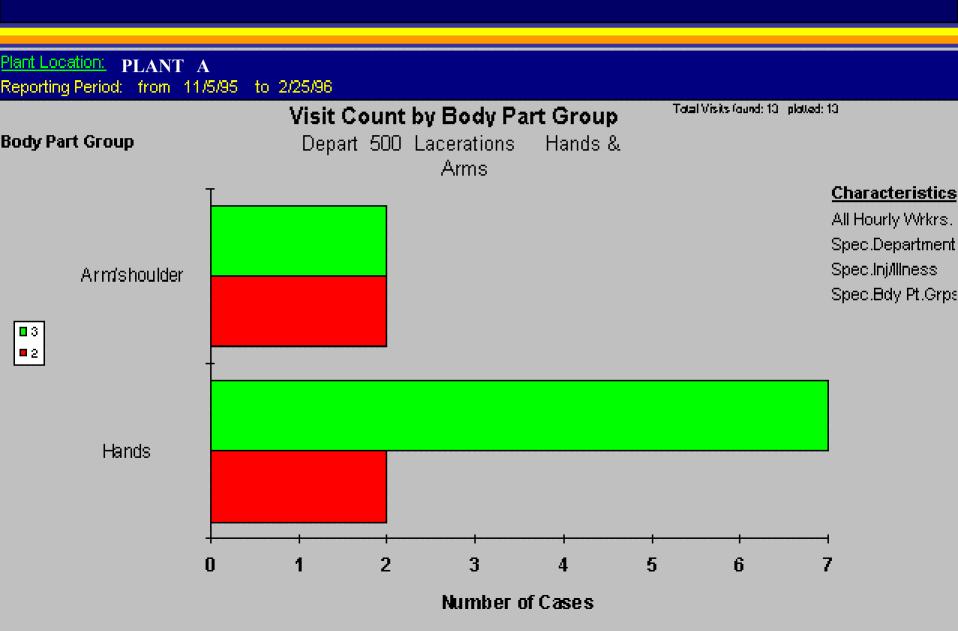
Total Visits (ound: 479 plotted: 479



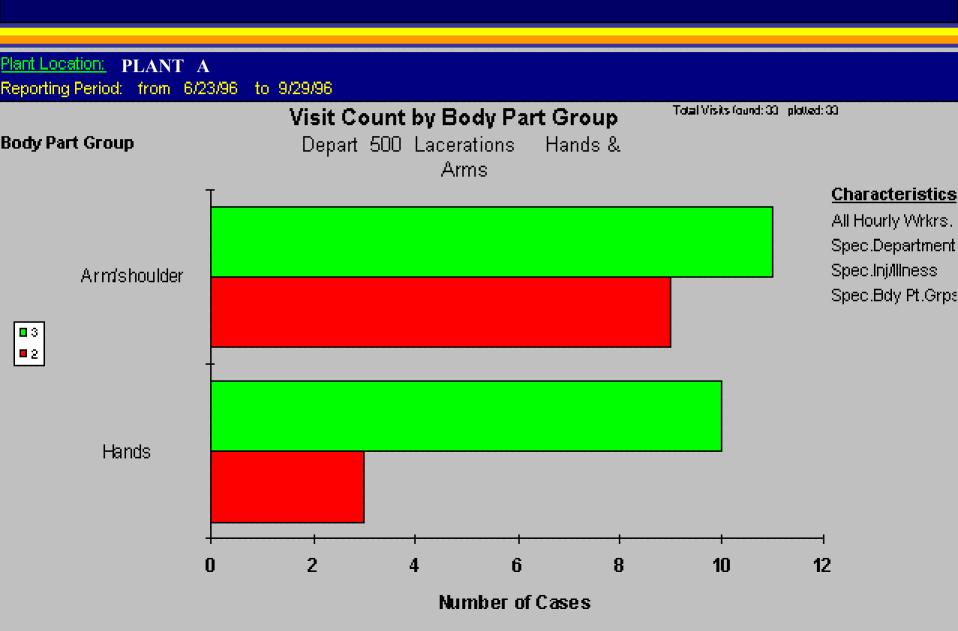
Observational Study Based on Shift Differences



Shift Differences: Winter Months



Shift Differences: Summer Months



Clusters of Serious Events Can Be Missed, If Too Rare

- Lost Time Case Rate for Engine / Transmission Division Showed an Increasing Trend
- No Obvious Reason Apparent from Safety Reviews and Reports
- Detailed Analysis Identifies Two Emerging Clusters of Serious Rare Event Injury Types

Unexplained Increase in Lost Time CaseRate for Engine and Transmission Plants

Methods

- Injury / Illness Cases Assembled for All 10 Engine and Transmission Plants
 - February 2000 September 2000 (8 months)
 - June 1999 January 2000 (8 Months)
- Distribution of Cases by Diagnosis Compared

Pedestrian/PMHV Encounters January Through December 2000

Diagnosis	Reference Period	Most Recent Period	
Sprains/Stains	70	80	(+ 14%)
Contusion	26	35	(+ 35%)
Fracture	23	24	(+ 4%)
Foreign Body	1	13	(+ 1200%)
Laceration	9	13	(+ 44%)
Amputation*	0	7	(+ 700%)

^{*} Three in a single plant

Response Based on Small Numbers Misses A Large Part of the Target

- Attention Focuses on Forklift Pedestrian Encounters After Fatality in Plant in Germany
- Intervention Focuses on Preventing
 Forklift Pedestrian Encounters in Aisle Ways
 (Circumstances of Index Case)
- Company-wide Intervention Undertaken
- Intervention Expanded to Additional Situations
 Following Review of Surveillance Data

Patterns of PMHV Pedestrian Encounters via Electronic Medical Record System and HDA

Methods

- Free Text Searches on HDA Medical Narratives "How Did This Incident Happen?"
- Search Criteria: Examples

Primary: "forklift" or "tow motor" or "Hi Lo" or "Raymond" and

Secondary: "walking" or "hit" or "aisle" or "struck"

Pedestrian/PMHV Encounters January Through December 2000

	Primary Hits	Secondary Hits	Total All Incidents
Number of FTOVs (Injury Events)	115	124	239
Number of Days Away	551	511	1,062
Wage/Fringe @ \$386/Day	\$212,686	\$197,246	\$409,932
Medical Costs (Work Comp only)	\$170,197	\$40,448	\$210,645
Total Costs	\$382,883	\$237,694	\$620,577

Conclusions

- Simple Reviews of Daily or Weekly Reports
 - Usually Miss Emerging Injury Trends
 - Often Leads to Instant Solutions That Miss the Real Target or Underlying Risk Factors
- Safety Practitioners Must Look for Shifts In Injury Patterns To Identify Intervention Targets
 - Compare Current Month With Previous Months To Compare Diagnosis and Other Parameters
 - Compare Across Shifts or Between Similar Plants
- Descriptive Statistics Usually Tell the Story